



**MS-C907**

**Industrial Data Machine**

User Guide

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## Revision

V1.2, 2024/06

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# Safety Information

- The components included in this package are prone to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). Please adhere to the following instructions to ensure successful computer assembly.
- Ensure that all components are securely connected. Loose connections may cause the computer to not recognize a component or fail to start.
- Hold the motherboard by the edges to avoid touching sensitive components.
- It is recommended to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling the motherboard to prevent electrostatic damage. If an ESD wrist strap is not available, discharge yourself of static electricity by touching another metal object before handling the motherboard.
- Store the motherboard in an electrostatic shielding container or on an anti-static pad whenever the motherboard is not installed.
- Before turning on the computer, ensure that there are no loose screws or metal components on the motherboard or anywhere within the computer case.
- Do not boot the computer before installation is completed. This could cause permanent damage to the components as well as injury to the user.
- If you need help during any installation step, please consult a certified computer technician.
- Always turn off the power supply and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing any computer component.
- Keep this user guide for future reference.
- Keep this motherboard away from humidity.
- Make sure that your electrical outlet provides the same voltage as is indicated on the PSU, before connecting the PSU to the electrical outlet.
- Place the power cord such a way that people can not step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- All cautions and warnings on the motherboard should be noted.
- If any of the following situations arises, get the motherboard checked by service personnel:
  - Liquid has penetrated into the computer.
  - The motherboard has been exposed to moisture.
  - The motherboard does not work well or you can not get it work according to user guide.
  - The motherboard has been dropped and damaged.
  - The motherboard has obvious sign of breakage.
- Do not leave this motherboard in an environment above 60°C (140°F), it may damage the motherboard.

# Regulatory Notices

## CE Conformity

Hereby, Micro-Star International CO., LTD declares that this device is in compliance with the essential safety requirements and other relevant provisions set out in the European Directive.



## WEEE Statement

Under the European Union ("EU") Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Directive 2012/19/EU, products of "electrical and electronic equipment" cannot be discarded as municipal waste anymore and manufacturers of covered electronic equipment will be obligated to take back such products at the end of their useful life.



## FCC-A Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



### Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and AC power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Chemical Substances Information

In compliance with chemical substances regulations, such as the EU REACH Regulation (Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council), MSI provides the information of chemical substances in products at:

<https://csr.msi.com/global/index>

## Green Product Features

- Reduced energy consumption during use and stand-by
- Limited use of substances harmful to the environment and health
- Easily dismantled and recycled
- Reduced use of natural resources by encouraging recycling
- Extended product lifetime through easy upgrades
- Reduced solid waste production through take-back policy

## Battery Information

Please take special precautions if this product comes with a battery.

- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Avoid disposal of a battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crushing or cutting of a battery, which can result in an explosion.
- Avoid leaving a battery in an extremely high temperature or extremely low air pressure environment that can result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- Do not ingest battery. If the coin/button cell battery is swallowed, it can cause severe internal burns and can lead to death. Keep new and used batteries away from children.

### European Union:



Batteries, battery packs, and accumulators should not be disposed of as unsorted household waste. Please use the public collection system to return, recycle, or treat them in compliance with the local regulations.

### BSMI:



廢電池請回收

For better environmental protection, waste batteries should be collected separately for recycling or special disposal.

### California, USA:



The button cell battery may contain perchlorate material and requires special handling when recycled or disposed of in California.

For further information please visit:

<http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate/>

## Environmental Policy

- The product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling and should not be thrown away at its end of life.
- Users should contact the local authorized point of collection for recycling and disposing of their end-of-life products.
- Visit the MSI website and locate a nearby distributor for further recycling information.
- Users may also reach us at [gpcontdev@msi.com](mailto:gpcontdev@msi.com) for information regarding proper disposal, take-back, recycling, and disassembly of MSI products.



## Copyright and Trademarks Notice



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The terms HDMI™, HDMI™ High-Definition Multimedia Interface, HDMI™ Trade dress and the HDMI™ Logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of HDMI™ Licensing Administrator, Inc.

## Technical Support

If a problem arises with your product and no solution can be obtained from the user's manual, please contact your place of purchase or local distributor. Alternatively, please visit <https://www.msi.com/support/> for further guidance.

# Specifications

Model	MS-C907
Processor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intel® IoTG Alder Lake-N Processor N97, QC, TDP 12W</li> <li>• Intel® IoTG Alder Lake-N Core i3-N305, OC, TDP 15W</li> </ul>
Chipset	Within processor
Antenna	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 x Openings reserved for antennas</li> <li>- Supports Wi-Fi/ BT</li> </ul>
Network	2 x Intel® I225-V 2.5GbE LAN
Audio	Realtek® ALC897 High Definition Audio Codec
Graphics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 x DP 1.4a up to 4096x2304 @60Hz</li> <li>• 1 x HDMI™ 1.4b up to 3840x2160 @30Hz</li> <li>• 2 independent display supported</li> <li>- DP + HDMI™</li> </ul>
Memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 x DDR5 SO-DIMM slot (262-pin)</li> <li>- Single Channel DDR5, Non-ECC</li> <li>- Up to 4800 MT/s</li> <li>- Up to 16GB</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 x SATA 3.0 port (6Gb/s) for 2.5" HDD/SSD Bay</li> <li>- Supports AHCI mode</li> </ul>
Expansion Slots	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 x M.2 E Key slot (2230)</li> <li>- Supports PCIe x1 &amp; USB 2.0 signal</li> <li>- Supports Intel® AX210 Wi-Fi 6E &amp; BT-5.2</li> <li>• 1 x M.2 B Key slot (2242/ 2280/ 3042)</li> <li>- Supports PCIe x1 &amp; SATA 3.0 signal</li> <li>- Supports B+M Key PCIe x1 module, SATA 3.0 SSD</li> </ul>
Front Panel I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 x Openings reserved for antennas</li> <li>• 6 x USB 2.0 Type-A connectors</li> <li>• 1 x Extend switch header</li> <li>• 1 x DIO Port (5V)</li> <li>• 1 x Microphone connector</li> <li>• 1 x M.2 SSD Activity LED (M.2 B key SSD)</li> <li>• 1 x Power button/ LED</li> </ul>

Continued on next column



Model	MS-C907
<b>Rear Panel I/O</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 x Openings reserved for antennas</li> <li>• 1 x Line-Out connector</li> <li>• 1 x DC power connector</li> <li>• 1 x Phoenix DC power connector</li> <li>• 2 x RJ-45 2.5 GbE LAN ports</li> <li>• 1 x HDMI™ connector</li> <li>• 1 x DisplayPort</li> <li>• 1 x RS232/ 422/ 485 Serial port (COM1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Mode selection by BIOS control.</li> <li>- 0V/ 5V/ 12V, 0.5A (Power selection by Jumper, default: 0V)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 1 x RS232 Serial port (COM2)</li> <li>• 2 x RS232/422/485 Serial Port (COM3~4, optional) or 2 x CANbus Port (CANbus1~2, optional)</li> <li>• 2 x USB 3.2 Gen 2 Type-A connectors (top layer)</li> <li>• 2 x USB 3.2 Gen 1 Type-A connectors (bottom layer)</li> <li>• 1 x Grounding point</li> </ul>
<b>Power Solution</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 19V, 65W Power Adapter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Power Input: 100~240Vac, 50/60Hz, 1.2A</li> <li>- Power Output: 19V , 3.42A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Dimension</b>	200mm (W) x 150mm (D) x 55mm (H)
<b>Weight</b>	1.38kg
<b>Mounting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wall mount (Standard)</li> <li>• DIN rail mount (Standard)</li> <li>• VESA mount (Optional)</li> </ul>
<b>Accessories</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 x 19V, 65W Power Adapter</li> <li>• 1 x Wall Mount Set</li> <li>• 1 x DIN Rail Mount Set</li> <li>• 1 x VESA Mount Set (with M4 screws, optional)</li> <li>• 2 x Phoenix Contact Plug-in Terminal Blocks</li> <li>• 1 x SATA Power &amp; Signal Cable</li> <li>• 1 x M.2 SSD Aluminum Cooling Block (for M.2 B key)</li> <li>• 1 x M.2 SSD Thermal Pad (T6 x 8 x 20mm)</li> <li>• 1 x Memory Thermal Pad (T6 x 8 x 30mm)</li> </ul>

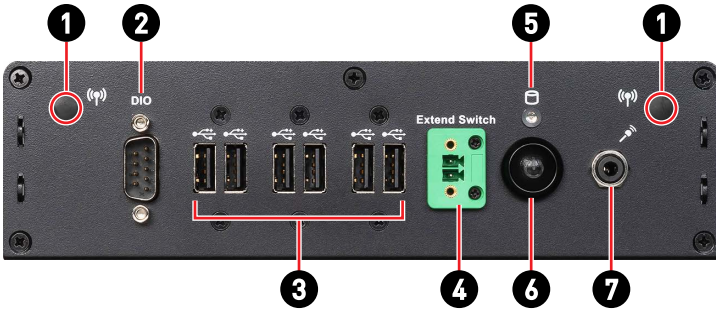
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Model	MS-C907
<b>OS Support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 2021 LTSC (64-bit, 21H2)</li> <li>• Windows 11 IoT Enterprise (64-bit, 22H2, pre-scan)</li> <li>• Linux (64-bit) (by request)</li> </ul>
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	FCC Class A / CE / RCM / BSMI / VCCI / UKCA / IC / RoHS Compliant
<b>Environment</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operation Temperature: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Wide Temperature Devices: -10 ~ 55°C ( w/Airflow: 0.7m/s)</li> <li>2.5"SSD: -40 ~ 85°C</li> <li>Memory: -40 ~ 105°C</li> <li>- Non-wide Temperature Devices: 0 ~ 40°C ( w/Airflow: 0.7m/s)</li> <li>M.2 SSD: 0 ~ 75°C</li> <li>Memory: 0 ~ 85°C</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Storage Temperature: -20 ~ 80°C</li> <li>• Operation Humidity: 10 ~ 90%, non-condensing</li> <li>• Storage Humidity: 10 ~ 90%, non-condensing</li> <li>• Vibration: IEC 61373 Category 1 – Class B</li> <li>• Shock: IEC 61373 Category 1 – Class B</li> </ul>

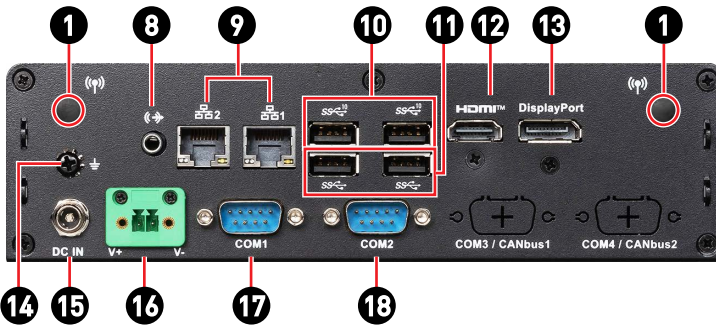
# System Overview

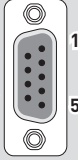

















## Front Panel I/O

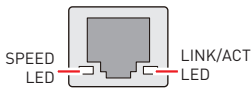
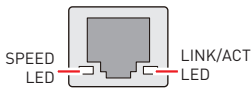
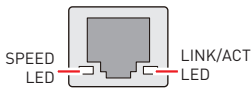




## Rear Panel I/O



<p><b>1</b></p>	<p><b>Wi-Fi Antenna Connector (Openings reserved for antennas)</b></p> <p>These connectors allow you to connect external antenna for wireless communication. User may find two on the front side and 4 on the rear side of the system.</p>																								
<p><b>2</b></p>	<p><b>DIO Port</b></p> <p>This port is provided for the Digital Input/Output (DIO) peripheral module.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="327 352 641 512"> <thead> <tr> <th>PIN</th> <th>SIGNAL</th> <th>PIN</th> <th>SIGNAL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>GP03</td> <td>6</td> <td>GPI2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>GP02</td> <td>7</td> <td>GPI1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>GP01</td> <td>8</td> <td>GPI0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>GP00</td> <td>9</td> <td>VCC5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>GPI3</td> <td>Shell</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL	1	GP03	6	GPI2	2	GP02	7	GPI1	3	GP01	8	GPI0	4	GP00	9	VCC5	5	GPI3	Shell	GND
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3	GP01	8	GPI0																						
4	GP00	9	VCC5																						
5	GPI3	Shell	GND																						
<p><b>3</b></p>	<p><b>USB 2.0 Port</b></p> <p>This connector is provided for USB peripheral devices. (Speed up to 480 Mbps)</p> <p> <b>Important</b></p> <p><i>High-speed devices are recommended for USB 3.2 ports whereas low-speed devices, such as mouse or keyboard, are suggested to be plugged into the USB 2.0 ports.</i></p>																								
<p><b>4</b></p>	<p><b>Extend Switch Connector</b></p> <p>This connector is provided for remote power button control.</p>																								
<p><b>5</b></p>	<p> <b>M.2 SSD Activity LED (Supports by SSD)</b></p> <p>This indicator shows the activity status of the <b>M.2 B key SSD</b>. It flashes when the system is accessing data on the SSD and remains off when no disk activity is detected.</p>																								
<p><b>6</b></p>	<p> <b>Power Button/ LED</b></p> <p>Press the button to turn the system on or off.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="206 1110 921 1243"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>LED Status</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3"></td> <td> Off</td> <td>ACPI S4/ S5/ Deep S5, Power Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td> Blinking</td> <td>ACPI S3</td> </tr> <tr> <td> Green</td> <td>ACPI S0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		LED Status	Description		 Off	ACPI S4/ S5/ Deep S5, Power Off	 Blinking	ACPI S3	 Green	ACPI S0														
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	 Green	ACPI S0																							
<p><b>7</b></p>	<p><b>Mic-In Jack</b></p> <p>This connector is provided for microphones.</p>																								

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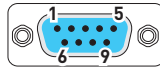
<p><b>8</b></p>	<p><b>Line-Out Jack</b> This connector is provided for headphones or speakers.</p>																		
<p><b>9</b></p>	<p><b>2.5 Gbps LAN Jack</b> The standard RJ-45 LAN jack is provided for connection to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="203 328 926 555"> <tr> <td data-bbox="203 328 483 555" rowspan="6">  </td> <td data-bbox="483 328 668 360"><b>LED</b></td> <td data-bbox="668 328 788 360"><b>Status</b></td> <td data-bbox="788 328 926 360"><b>Description</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="483 360 668 459" rowspan="3">Link/ Activity LED</td> <td data-bbox="668 360 788 392">○ Off</td> <td data-bbox="788 360 926 392">No link</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="668 392 788 424">● Yellow</td> <td data-bbox="788 392 926 424">Linked</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="668 424 788 459">● Blinking</td> <td data-bbox="788 424 926 459">Data activity</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="483 459 668 555" rowspan="3">Speed LED</td> <td data-bbox="668 459 788 491">○ Off</td> <td data-bbox="788 459 926 491">10/100 Mbps</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="668 491 788 523">● Green</td> <td data-bbox="788 491 926 523">1 Gbps</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="668 523 788 555">● Orange</td> <td data-bbox="788 523 926 555">2.5 Gbps</td> </tr> </table>		<b>LED</b>	<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>	Link/ Activity LED	○ Off	No link	● Yellow	Linked	● Blinking	Data activity	Speed LED	○ Off	10/100 Mbps	● Green	1 Gbps	● Orange	2.5 Gbps
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		● Green	1 Gbps																
● Orange		2.5 Gbps																	
<p><b>10</b></p>	<p><b>USB 3.2 Gen 2 Port</b> This connector is provided for USB peripheral devices. (Speed up to 10 Gbps)</p>																		
<p><b>11</b></p>	<p><b>USB 3.2 Gen 1 Port</b> This connector is provided for USB peripheral devices. (Speed up to 5 Gbps)</p>																		
<p><b>12</b></p>	<p><b>HDMI™ Connector</b>  Supports 3840x2160@30Hz as specified in HDMI™ 1.4b.</p>																		
<p><b>13</b></p>	<p><b>DisplayPort</b> Supports 4096x2304@60Hz as specified in DisplayPort 1.4a.</p>																		
<p><b>14</b></p>	<p><b>Grounding Point</b> The Grounding Point is provided to connect a grounding wire.</p>																		
<p><b>15</b></p>	<p><b>DC Power Jack</b> Power supplied through this jack supplies power to the system.</p>																		
<p><b>16</b></p>	<p><b>Phoenix DC Power Connector</b> The system is designed with a Phoenix connector that carries DC input.</p> <p> <b>Important</b> Your power source can either be connected to the Power Jack or the Phoenix DC Power Connector. <b>Avoid connecting to both simultaneously.</b></p>																		

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### RS232/422/485 Serial Port: COM1

The serial port is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/ receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a serial mouse or other serial devices directly to the connector.



RS232		
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	NDCD	Data Carrier Detect
2	NSIN	Signal In
3	NSOUT	Signal Out
4	NDTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	NDSR	Data Set Ready
7	NRTS	Request To Send
8	NCTS	Clear To Send
9	0V/5V/12V	Power Pin

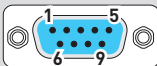
RS422		
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	422 TXD-	Transmit Data, Negative
2	422 RXD+	Receive Data, Positive
3	422 TXD+	Transmit Data, Positive
4	422 RXD-	Receive Data, Negative
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	NC	No Connection
7	NC	No Connection
8	NC	No Connection
9	NC	No Connection

RS485		
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	485 TXD-	Transmit Data, Negative
2	485 TXD+	Transmit Data, Positive
3	NC	No Connection
4	NC	No Connection
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	NC	No Connection
7	NC	No Connection
8	NC	No Connection
9	NC	No Connection

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### RS232 Serial Port: COM2

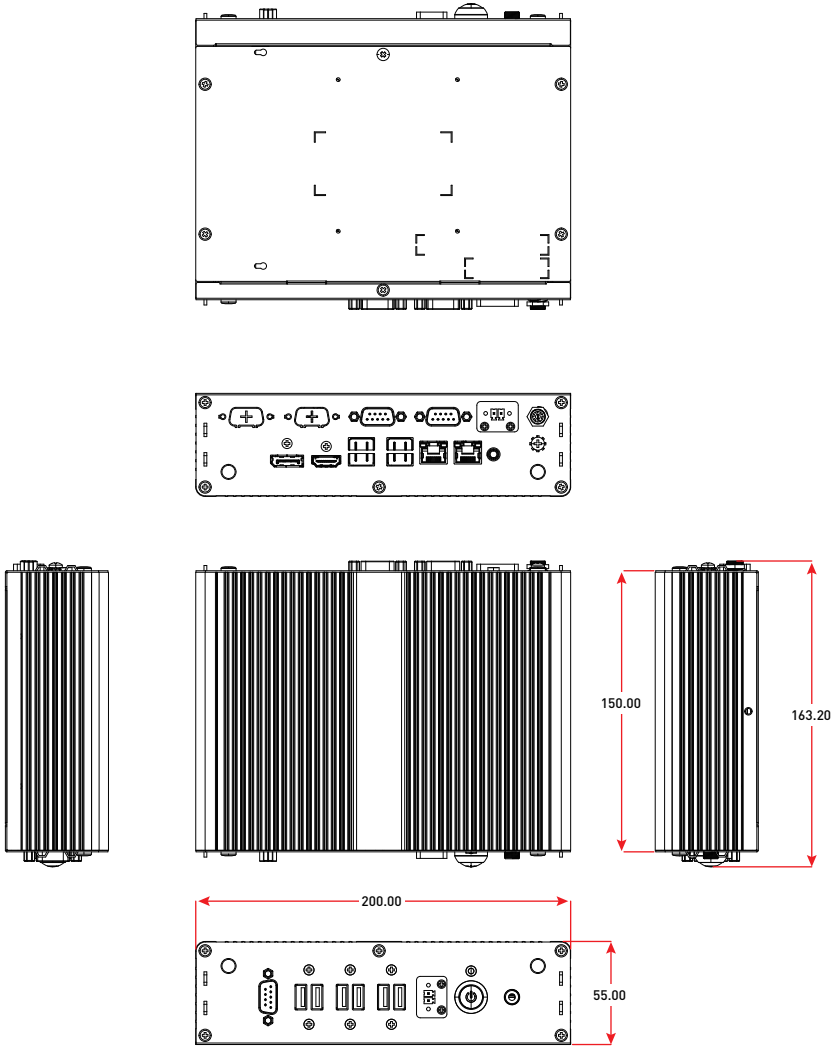
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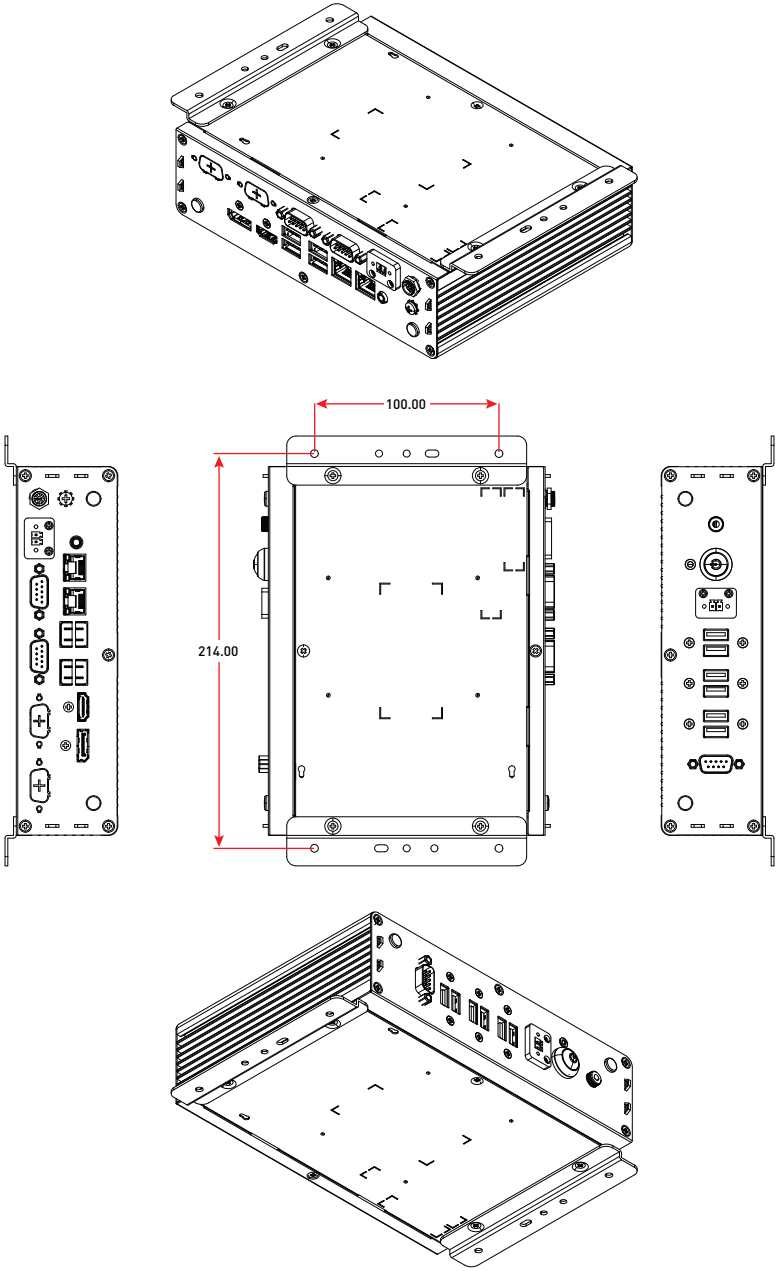
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5	GND	Signal Ground
6	NDSR	Data Set Ready
7	NRTS	Request To Send
8	NCTS	Clear To Send
9	NC	No Connection

# ME Overview

## System Dimensions

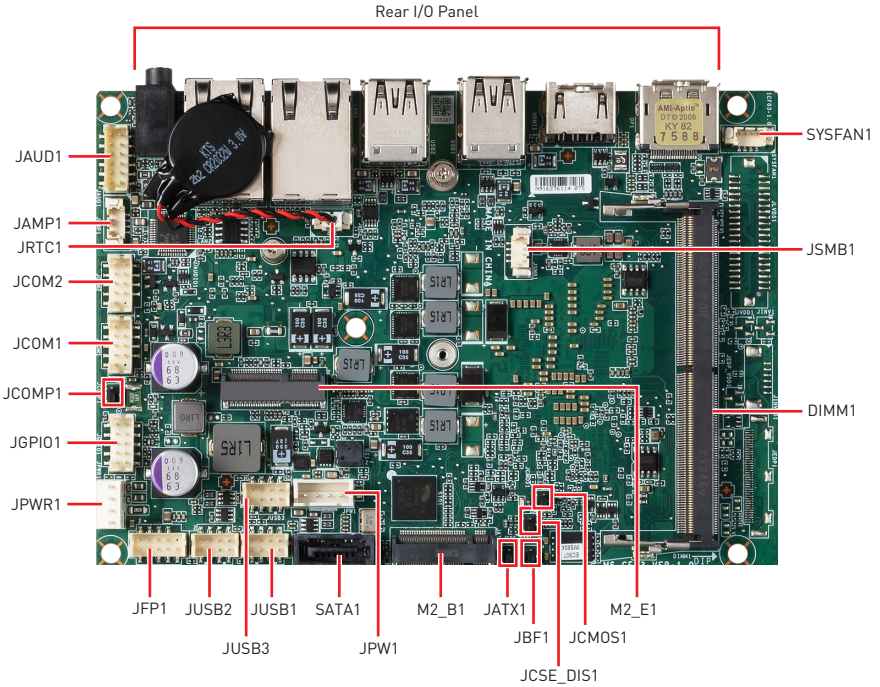


# System Dimensions with Wall Mount





# Motherboard Overview

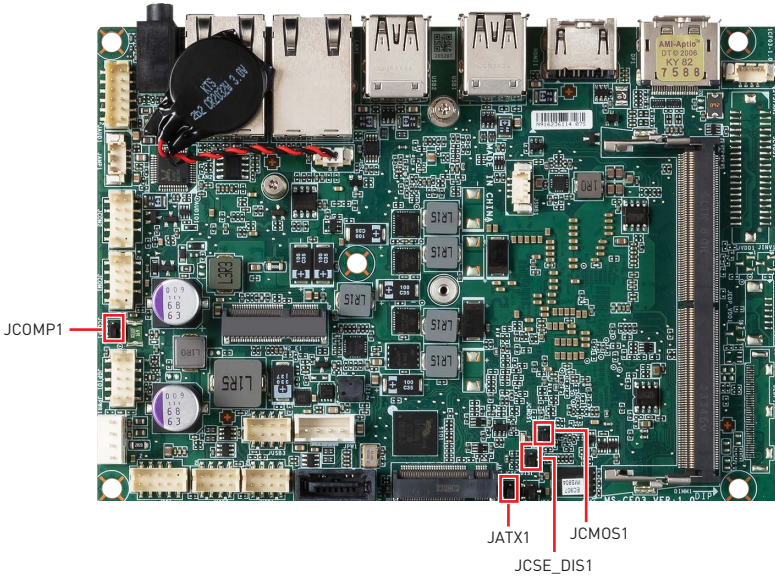






# Jumpers



**Important**

Avoid adjusting jumpers when the system is on; it will damage the motherboard.



Jumper Name	Default Setting	Description
JCOMP1	 1 Default without jumper	<b>COM Power Select Jumper</b>
		1-2: 5V Power 2-3: 12V Power
JCMOS1	 1	<b>Clear CMOS Jumper</b>
JCSE_DIS1	 1	<b>CSE Jumper</b>
		1-2: Normal (Default) 2-3: ME disable
JATX1	 1	<b>AT/ ATX Mode Select Jumper</b>
		1-2: ATX (Default) 2-3: AT

# Getting Started

## Important

- All information is subject to change without prior notice.
- The system photos are provided for **demonstration of system assembly only**. The components of your system may differ based on the model you have purchased.

## Necessary Tools



Screwdriver



Pliers



Tweezers



Anti-Static Gloves

## Safety Precautions

The following precautions should be observed while handling the system:

- Place the system on a flat and stable surface.
- Do not place the system in environments subject to mist, smoke, vibration, excessive dust, salty or greasy air, or other corrosive gases and fumes.
- Do not drop or jolt the system.
- Do not use another power adapter other than the one enclosed with the system.
- Disconnect the power cord before performing any installation procedures on the system.
- Do not perform any maintenance with wet hands.
- Prevent foreign substances, such as water, other liquids or chemicals, from entering the system while performing installation procedures on the system.
- Use a grounded wrist strap before handling system components such as CPU, Memory, HDD, expansion cards, etc.
- Place system components on a grounded antistatic pad or on the bed that came with the components whenever the components are separated from the system.

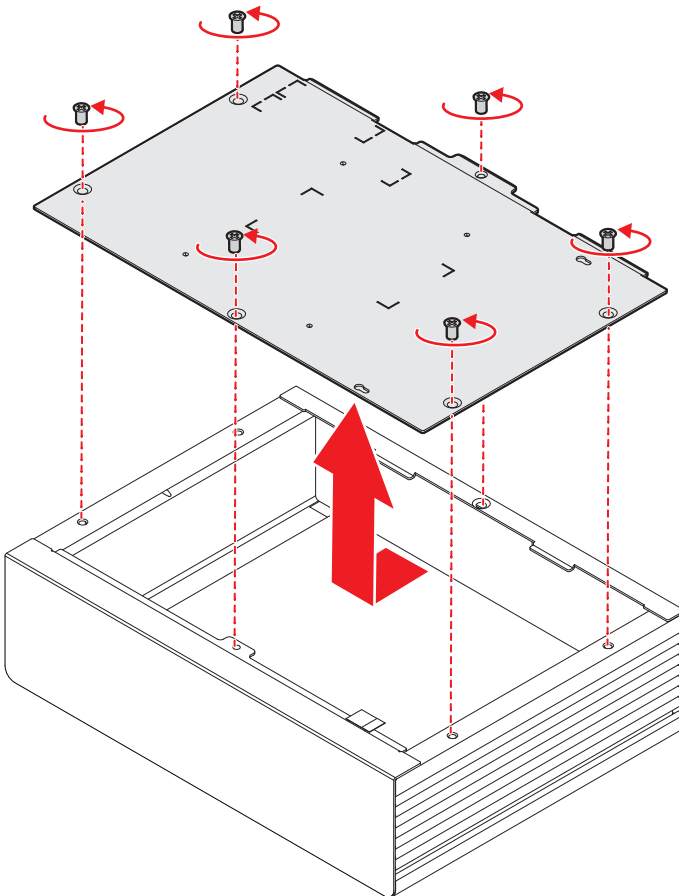
# Removing System Cover



## Important

Before you remove or install any components, make sure the system is not turned on or connected to the AC power.

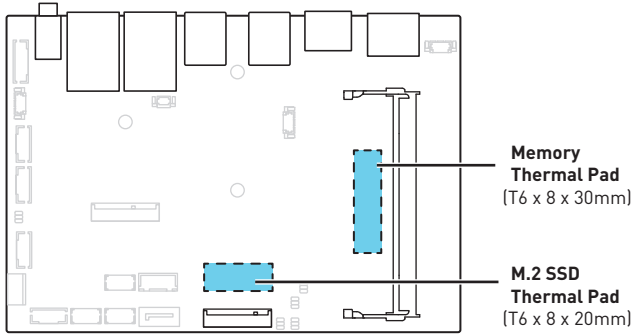
1. Place the system on a flat and steady surface. Locate and remove the screw on the back side.
  2. Carefully remove the cover and set the cover and screw aside for later use.
- Follow the above procedures in reverse order to install the cover.



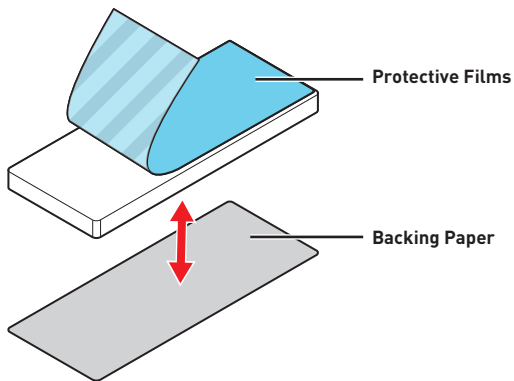
# Thermal Solution (Non-wide Temperature Devices only)

## Applying M.2 SSD & Memory Thermal Pads

### Location to Apply



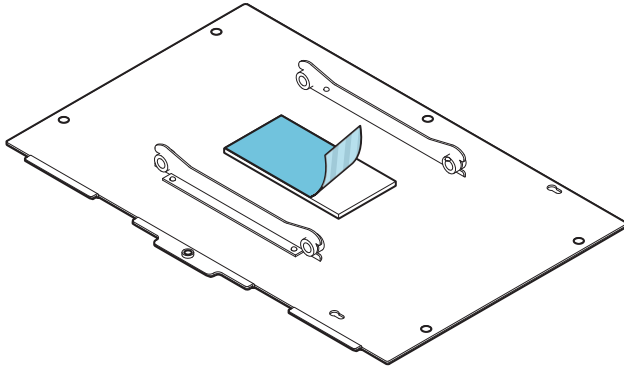
1. Locate the designated areas for the thermal pads on the motherboard.
2. Clear these areas on the motherboard.
3. Remove the thermal pads from the **backing papers** and carefully attach them to the motherboard.
4. After the **thermal pads** are in place, remove the protective films.
5. Proceed with the installation of the M.2 SSD and memory module.



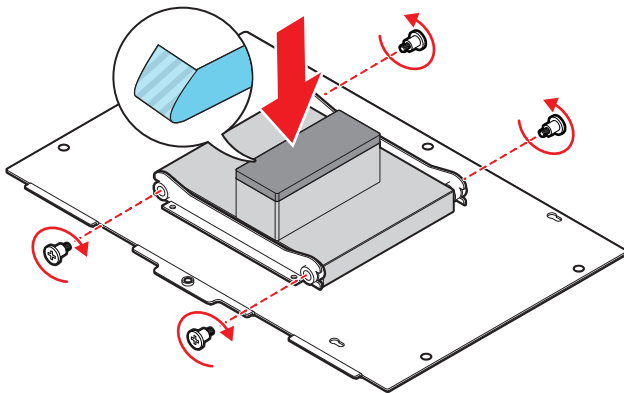
## Installing M.2 SSD Aluminum Cooling Block

---

1. Flip over the system cover and locate the HDD/SSD bracket.
2. Remove the **protective film** to uncover the thermal pad.



3. To install, first insert the aluminum cooling block into the bracket with the screw holes aligned. Then tighten the screws to fix the cooling block to the bracket.
4. Remove the **protective film** from the thermal pad.
5. Follow the procedures from the previous page in reverse order to install the cover back.



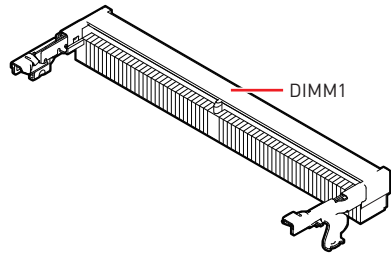
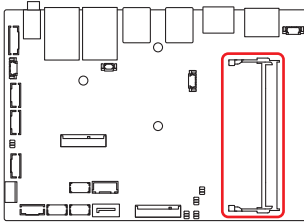
### **Important**

Please make sure the cooling block is properly and completely fixed to the bracket.

---

# Installing Memory Module

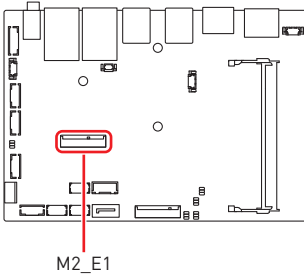
1. Locate the SO-DIMM slot. Align the notch on the DIMM with the key on the slot and insert the DIMM into the slot.
  2. Push the DIMM gently downwards until the slot levers click and lock the DIMM in place.
- *To uninstall the DIMM, flip the slot levers outwards and the DIMM will be released instantly.*



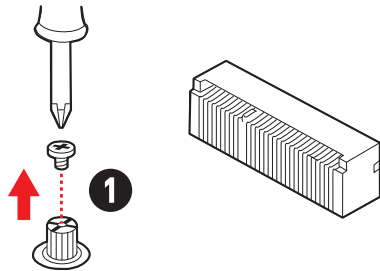
## **Important**

- *You can barely see the golden finger if the DIMM is properly inserted in the DIMM slot.*
- *To ensure system stability for Dual channel mode, memory modules must be of the same type, number and density.*

# Installing M.2 Wi-Fi Card (E-Key)



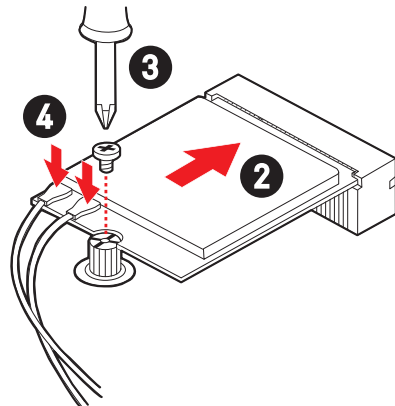
1. Loosen the M.2 screw from the motherboard.



2. Insert your M.2 Wi-Fi card into the M.2 slot at a 30-degree angle.

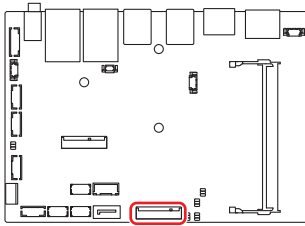
3. Secure the M.2 Wi-Fi card in place with the supplied M.2 screw.

4. Locate the antenna cables and gently connect them to the Wi-Fi card.





# Installing M.2 Expansion Card (B-Key)

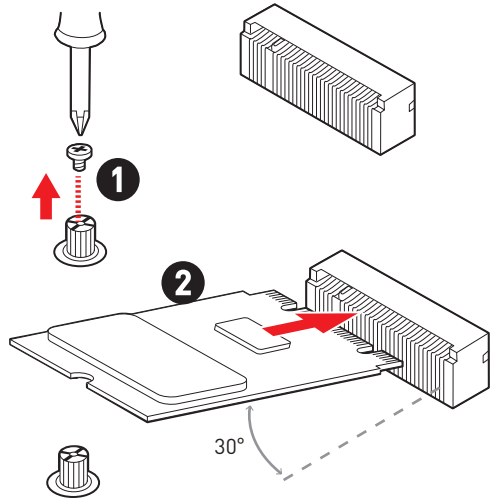


M2\_B1

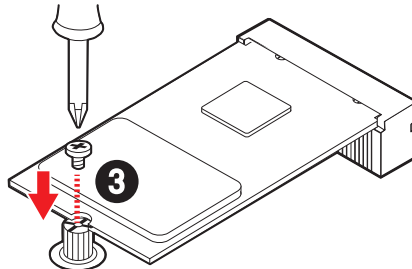
1. Loosen the M.2 screw from the motherboard.



2. Insert your M.2 SSD into the M.2 slot at a 30-degree angle.



3. Secure the M.2 SSD in place with the supplied M.2 screw.



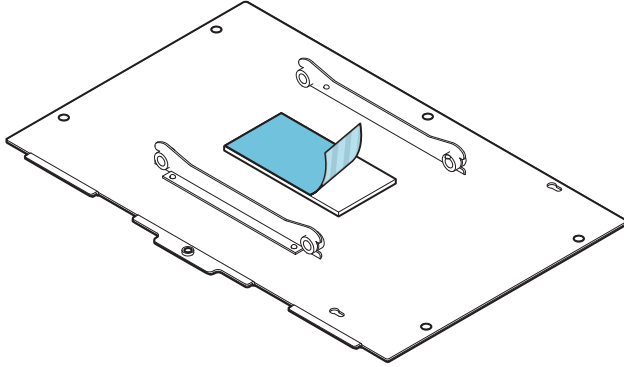
## Important

When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to configure any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

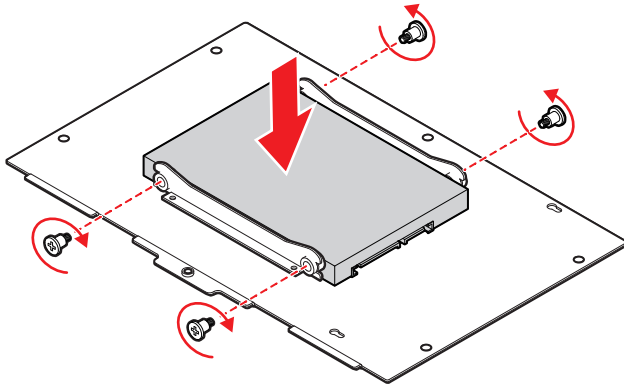
# Installing 2.5" HDD/ SSD (9.5mm)

---

1. Flip over the system cover and locate the HDD/SSD bracket.
2. Remove the **protective film** to uncover the thermal pad.



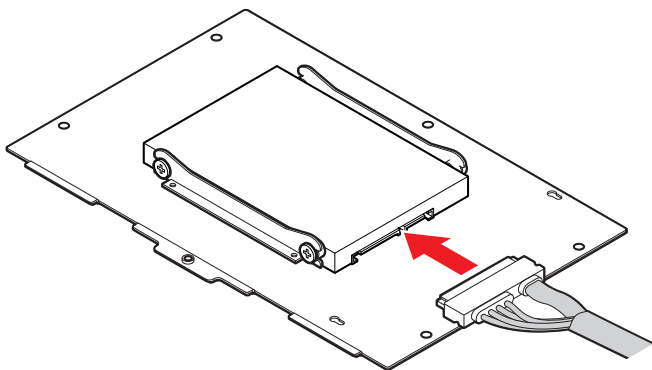
3. To install, first insert the HDD/SSD into the bracket with screw holes aligned. Then tighten the screws to fix the HDD/SSD to the bracket.



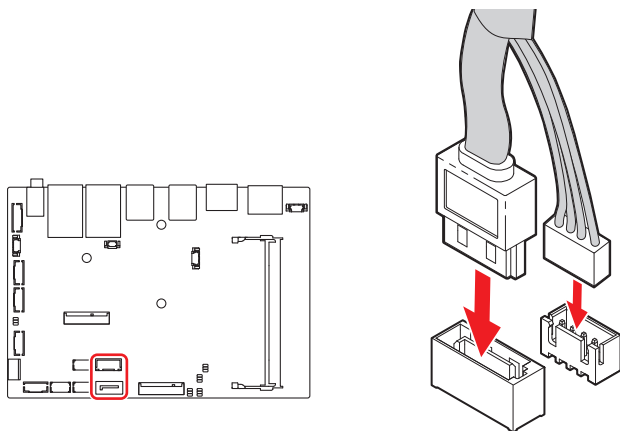
## **Important**

- Before assembly, please make sure the HDD/SSD is compatible with the bracket.
  - Please make sure the HDD is properly and completely fixed to the bracket.
-

- 
4. Align the SATA data & power connector and connect to the HDD/SSD.



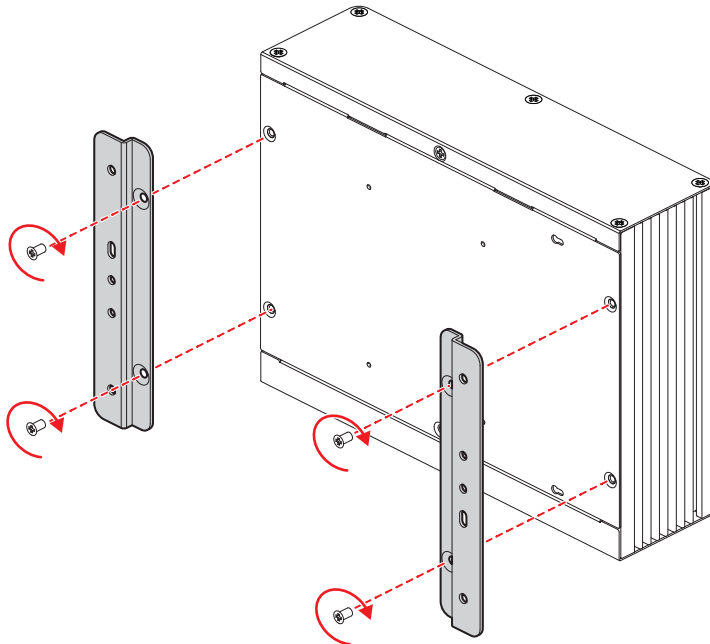
- 
5. Connect the **SATA signal & power connector** to the motherboard to complete the installation.



- *Follow the above procedures in reverse order to replace the HDD/SSD if needed.*
-

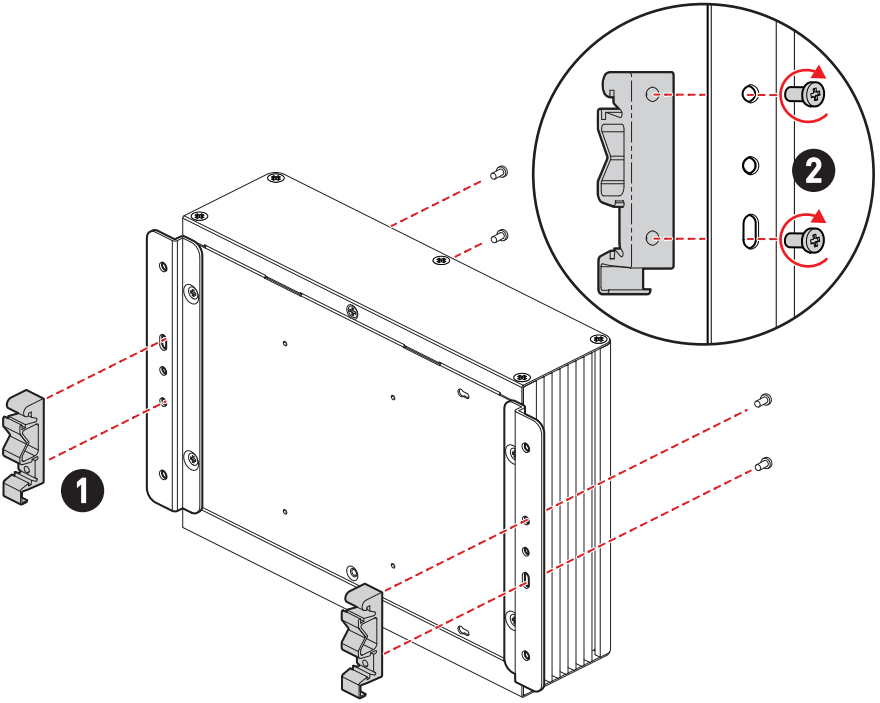
# Wall Mount

1. Flip over the system and locate the bracket screw holes.
2. Place the brackets along the sides with screw holes aligned.
3. Fasten the screws to fix the brackets.



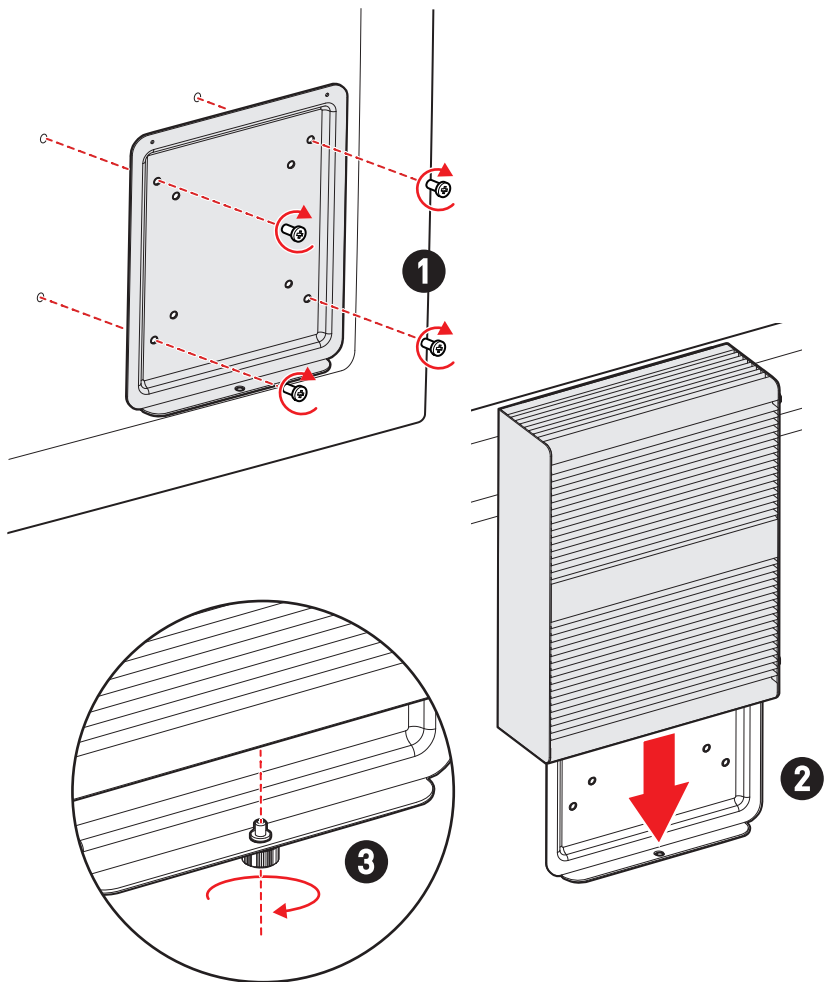
# Din Rail Mount

1. Attach the **DIN rail clips** to the wall mount brackets with the hooks aligned.
2. Insert screws through the wall mount brackets into the DIN rail clips and tighten until secure.



# VESA Mount (Optional)

1. Fasten the **VESA mount plate** to the monitor with the supplied screws.
2. Mount the system onto the VESA mount plate.
3. Tighten the **thumbscrew** at the bottom of the VESA mount plate to secure the system.



# BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows users to configure the system for optimal use.

## Users may need to run the Setup program when:

- An error message appears on the screen at system startup and requests users to run SETUP.
- Users want to change the default settings for customized features.



### **Important**

- *Please note that BIOS update assumes technician-level experience.*
- *As the system BIOS is under continuous update for better system performance, the illustrations in this chapter should be held for reference only.*

## Entering Setup

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press <DEL> or <F2> key to enter Setup, <F11> key to Boot Menu, <F12> key to PXE Boot .

**Press <DEL> or <F2> to enter SETUP**

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it **OFF** and **On** or pressing the **RESET** button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing **<Ctrl>**, **<Alt>**, and **<Delete>** keys.



### **Important**

*The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.*

## Control Keys

← →	Select Screen
↑ ↓	Select Item
Enter	Select
+ -	Change Value
Esc	Exit
F1	General Help
F7	Previous Values
F9	Optimized Defaults
F10	Save & Reset*
F12	Screenshot capture
<K>	Scroll help area upwards
<M>	Scroll help area downwards

\* When you press <F10>, a confirmation window appears and it provides the modification information. Select between **Yes** or **No** to confirm your choice.

## Getting Help

Upon entering setup, you will see the Main Menu.

### Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the **arrow keys** ( ↑ ↓ ) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

### Sub-Menu

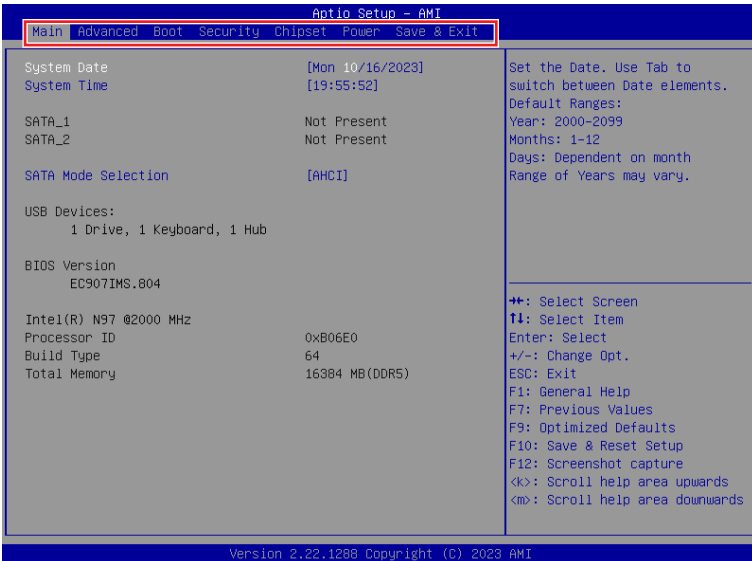
If you find a right pointer symbol appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use **arrow keys** ( ↑ ↓ ) to highlight the field and press <Enter> to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the **control keys** to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the <Esc>.

### General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.



# The Menu Bar



## ► Main

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date, etc.

## ► Advanced

Use this menu to set up the items of special enhanced features.

## ► Boot

Use this menu to specify the priority of boot devices.

## ► Security

Use this menu to set supervisor and user passwords.

## ► Chipset

This menu controls the advanced features of the on-board chipsets.

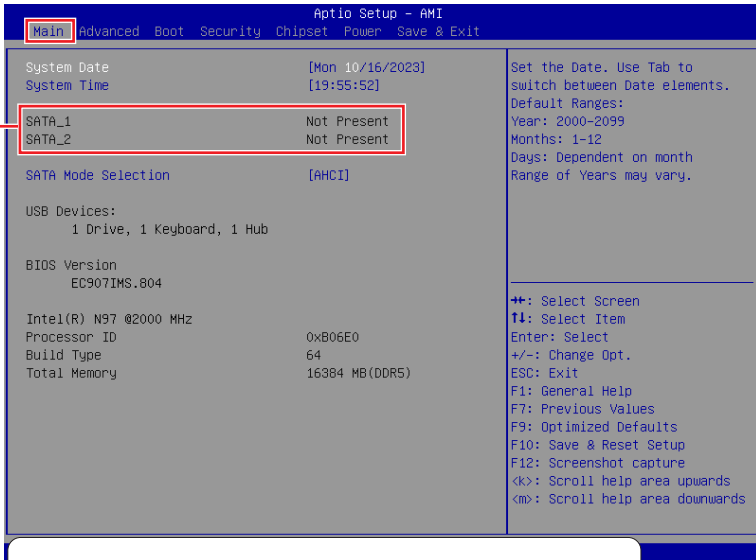
## ► Power

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

## ► Save & Exit

This menu allows you to load the BIOS default values or factory default settings into the BIOS and exit the BIOS setup utility with or without changes.

# Main



## HDD Information

- **RAID (VMD) Disabled:** Display HDD information as plugging in status.
  - **RAID (VMD) Enabled:** Display "Empty" only.
- \*SATA\_2 is for M.2 B key (SATA signal)

## ► System Date

This setting allows you to set the system date. Use <Tab> key to switch between date elements.

Format: <Day> <Month> <Date> <Year>.

## ► System Time

This setting allows you to set the system time. Use <Tab> key to switch between time elements.

Format: <Hour> <Minute> <Second>.

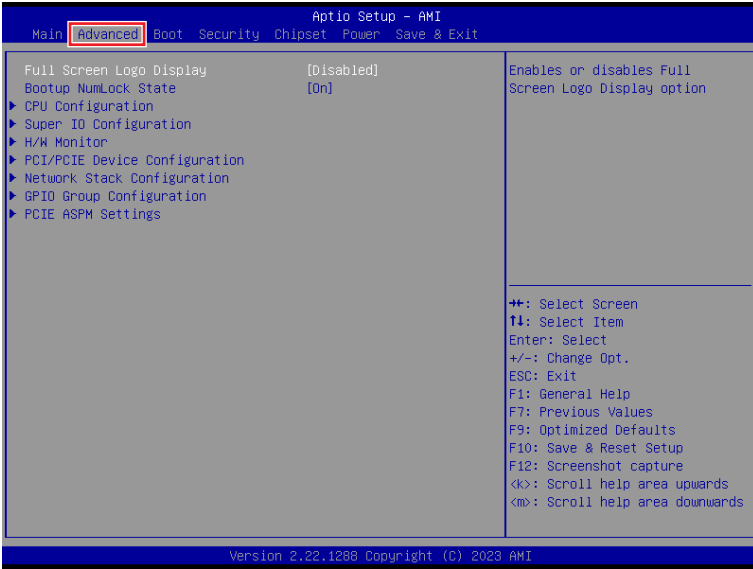
## ► SATA Mode Selection

This setting specifies SATA controller mode.

[AHCI] AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface), is a technical standard for an interface that allows the software to communicate with Serial ATA (SATA) devices. It offers advanced SATA features such as Native Command Queuing (NCQ) and hot-plugging.

[RAID] RAID (Redundant Array of Independent Disks) is a virtual disk storage technology that combines multiple physical disks into one unit for data redundancy, performance improvement, or both.

# Advanced



## ► Full Screen Logo Display

This BIOS feature determines if the BIOS should hide the normal POST messages with the motherboard or system manufacturer's full-screen logo.

[Enabled] BIOS will display the full-screen logo during the boot-up sequence, hiding normal POST messages.

[Disabled] BIOS will display the normal POST messages, instead of the full-screen logo.

Please note that enabling this BIOS feature often adds 2-3 seconds to the booting sequence. This delay ensures that the logo is displayed for a sufficient amount of time. Therefore, **it is recommended to disable this BIOS feature for faster boot-up.**

## ► Bootup NumLock State

This setting is to set the state of the Num Lock key on the keyboard when the system is powered on.

[On] Turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on.

[Off] Allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

## ► CPU Configuration

Advanced		
CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.
Intel(R) N97		
Processor ID	0xB06E0	
Processor Speed	2000 MHz	
E-core Information		
L1 Data Cache	32 KB x 4	
L1 Instruction Cache	64 KB x 4	
L2 Cache	2048 KB	
L3 Cache	6 MB	
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]	
Active Efficient-cores	[All]	
Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm)	[Enabled]	
Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology	[Enabled]	
C states	[Enabled]	
		** : Select Screen T1 : Select Item Enter : Select +/- : Change Opt. ESC : Exit F1 : General Help F7 : Previous Values F9 : Optimized Defaults F10 : Save & Reset Setup F12 : Screenshot capture <k> : Scroll help area upwards <m> : Scroll help area downwards

### ► Intel Virtualization Technology

Enables or disables Intel Virtualization technology.

[Enabled] Enables Intel Virtualization technology and allows a platform to run multiple operating systems in independent partitions. The system can function as multiple systems virtually.

[Disabled] Disables this function.

### ► Active Efficient-cores

Select the number of active Efficient-cores (E-cores).

### ► Intel(R) SpeedStep(TM)

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology enables the OS to control and activate performance states (P-States) of the processor.

[Enabled] When enabled, Intel SpeedStep® technology is activated. This technology allows the processor to manage its power consumption via performance state (P-State) transitions.

[Disabled] Disables this function.

► **Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology**

Intel® Speed Shift Technology is an energy-efficient method that allows frequency control by hardware rather than the OS.

[Enabled]      When enabled, Intel® Speed Shift Technology is activated. The technology enables the management of processor power consumption via hardware performance state (P-State) transitions.

[Disabled]     Disable this function.

► **C States**

This setting controls the C-States (CPU Power states).

[Enabled]      Detects the idle state of system and reduce CPU power consumption accordingly.

[Disabled]     Disable this function.

## ► Super IO Configuration

Advanced	
Super IO Configuration	Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
Serial Port 1	[Enabled]
Device Settings	IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;
Change Settings	[Auto]
Mode Select	[RS232]
Serial Port 2	[Enabled]
Device Settings	IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;
Change Settings	[Auto]
FIFO Mode	[128-byte]
Shared IRQ Mode	[Edge/Low Active]
Watch Dog Timer	[Disabled]
	↔: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards

### ► Serial Port 1/ 2

This setting enables or disables the specified serial port.

#### » Change Settings

This setting is used to change the address & IRQ settings of the specified serial port.

#### » Mode Select

Select an operation mode for Serial Port 1/ 2.

### ► FIFO Mode

This setting controls the FIFO (First In First Out) data transfer mode.

### ► Shared IRQ Mode

This setting provides the system with the ability to share interrupts among its serial ports.

### ► Watch Dog Timer

You can enable the system watchdog timer, a hardware timer that generates a reset when the software that it monitors does not respond as expected each time the watchdog polls it.

## ► H/W Monitor (PC Health Status)

These items display the current status of all monitored hardware devices/components such as voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Advanced	
<b>Pc Health Status</b>	<b>Thermal Shutdown</b>
Thermal Shutdown	[Disabled]
CPU temperature	: +38 C
System temperature	: +40 C
VCC_CORE	: +1.016 V
VCC3	: +3.336 V
VCC5	: +5.087 V
+12V	: +12.056 V
VS83V	: +3.312 V
VS85V	: +4.992 V
VBAT	: +3.056 V
	⚡: Select Screen ⚡: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards

### ► Thermal Shutdown

This setting determines the behavior of the system when the CPU temperature reaches a predefined threshold.

[Enabled] Initiate an automatic shutdown of the system to protect from potential damage due to overheating.

[Disabled] Disable this function.

## ► PCI/PCIE Device Configuration

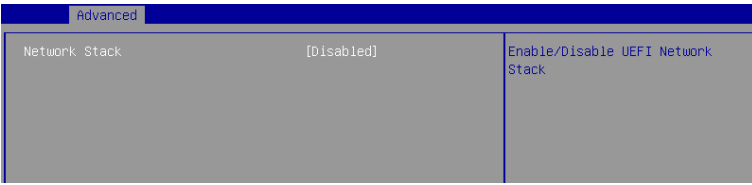
Advanced	
Audio Controller	[Enabled]
	Control Detection of the Audio Controller. Disabled = Audio Controller will be unconditionally disabled. Enabled = Audio Controller will be unconditionally Enabled.

### ► Audio Controller

This setting enables or disables the detection of the onboard audio controller.

## ► Network Stack Configuration

This menu provides Network Stack settings for users to enable network boot (PXE) from BIOS.



### ► Network Stack

This menu provides Network Stack settings for users to enable network boot (PXE) from BIOS. The following items will display when **Network Stack** is enabled.

#### » **IPv4 PXE Support**

Enables or disables IPv4 PXE boot support.

#### » **IPv4 HTTP Support**

Enables or disables Ipv4 HTTP Support.

#### » **IPv6 PXE Support**

Enables or disables Ipv6 PXE Support.

#### » **IPv6 HTTP Support**

Enables or disables Ipv6 HTTP Support.

#### » **PXE boot wait time**

Use this option to specify the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is 0.

#### » **Media detect count**

Use this option to specify the number of times media will be checked. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is 1.



## ► GPIO Group Configuration

Advanced		
GP00	[Low]	Set GP00 to output High/Low
GP01	[Low]	
GP02	[Low]	
GP03	[Low]	

### ► GP00 ~ GP03

These settings control the operation mode of the specified GPIO.

## ► PCIE ASPM settings

This menu provide settings for PCIe ASPM (Active State Power Management) level for different installed devices.

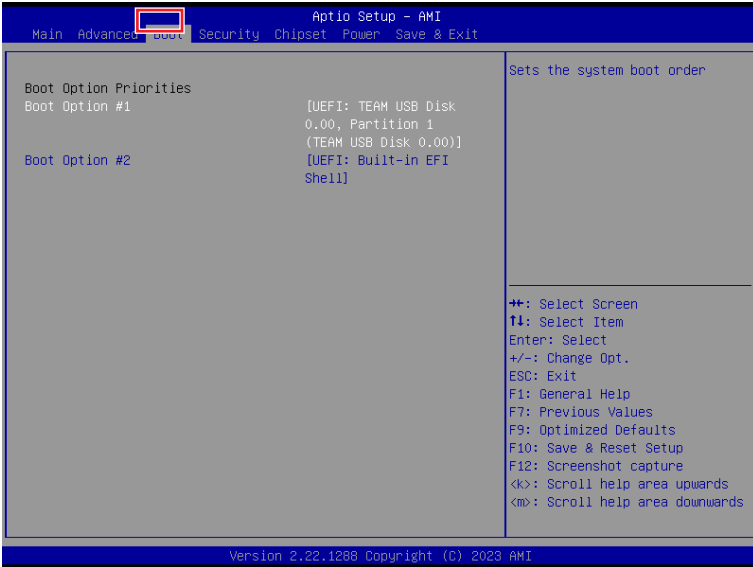
Advanced		
M2_B1	[Disabled]	PCI Express Active State Power Management settings.
M2_E1	[Disabled]	

### ► M2\_B1/ M2\_E1

Sets PCI Express ASPM (Active State Power Management) state for power saving.

- [L0s] Initiate an automatic shutdown of the system to protect from potential damage due to overheating.
- [L1] Higher latency, lower power “standby” state **(optional)**.
- [L0sL1] Activate both L0s and L1 support.
- [Disabled] Disable this function.

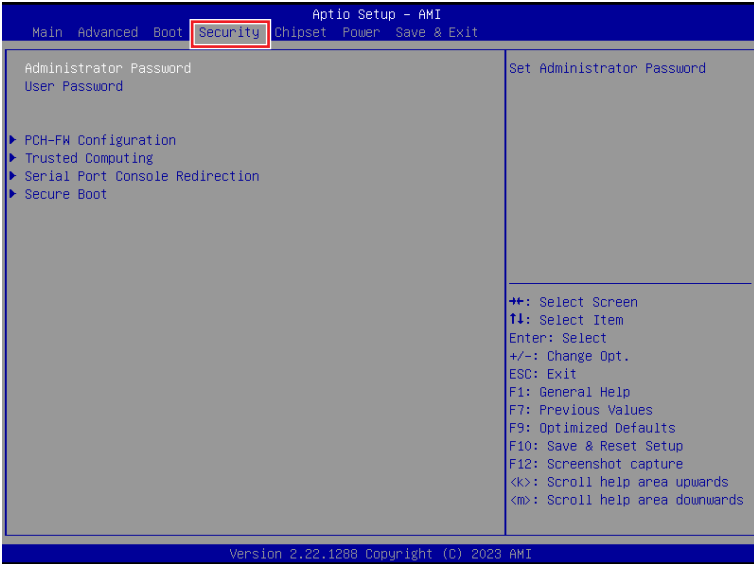
# Boot



## ► Boot Option #1-2

This setting allows users to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

# Security



## ▶ Administrator Password

Administrator Password controls access to the BIOS Setup utility.

## ▶ User Password

User Password controls access to the system at boot and to the BIOS Setup utility.

## ► PCH-FW Configuration

This menu allows you to configure settings related to the PCH firmware.

The screenshot shows the BIOS Security menu with the following settings:

Setting	Value	Description
ME Firmware Version	16.50.0.1232	When Disabled ME will be put into ME Temporarily Disabled Mode.
ME Firmware Mode	Normal Mode	
ME Firmware SKU	Consumer SKU	
ME Firmware Status 1	0x90000245	
ME Firmware Status 2	0x39850106	
ME State	[Enabled]	
Comms Hub Support	[Disabled]	
JHI Support	[Disabled]	
Core Bios Done Message	[Enabled]	
► Firmware Update Configuration		
► PTT Configuration		
► ME Debug Configuration		
► Anti-Rollback SVN Configuration		

Navigation keys:   
+/: Select Screen   
↑↓: Select Item   
Enter: Select   
+/-: Change Opt.   
ESC: Exit

### Firmware Information

ME Firmware Version	System Integrity Value	These settings show the firmware information of the Intel ME (Management Engine).
ME Firmware Mode	ME Firmware Status 1-2	
ME Firmware SKU		

### ► ME State

This menu controls the Intel® Management Engine State (ME state) parameters, which provides various management and security capabilities. The following items will display when **ME State** is enabled.

### ► Comms Hub Support

Enables or disables the communications hub support.

### ► JHI Support

Enables or disables JHI Support. JHI stands for Intel® Dynamic Application Loader Host Interface Service (Intel® DAL HIS) and is the engineering name for this feature. Enabling JHI Support in the BIOS settings allows the system to utilize this interface for communication between trusted applications and host-based applications.

### ► Core BIOS Done Message

Enables or disables Core BIOS Done Message sent to ME.

► **Firmware Update Configuration**

This menu will display when **ME State** is enabled.

Security		
Me FW Image Re-Flash	[Disabled]	Enable/Disable Me FW Image Re-Flash function.
Local FW Update	[Enabled]	

» **ME FW Image Re-Flash**

Enables or disables the ME Firmware Image Re-flashing.

» **Local FW Update**

Enables or disables the capability to perform a firmware update of the ME locally.

► **PTT Configuration**

Intel® Platform Trust Technology (PTT) is a platform functionality for credential storage and key management used by Microsoft Windows. This menu will display when **ME State** is enabled.

Security		
PTT Capability / State	1 / 0	Selects TPM device: PTT or dTPM. PTT - Enables PTT in SkuMgr dTPM 1.2 - Disables PTT in SkuMgr Warning ! PTT/dTPM will be disabled and all data saved on it will be lost.
TPM Device Selection	[dTPM]	

» **TPM Device Selection**

Select TPM (Trusted Platform Module) devices from PTT or dTPM (Discrete TPM).

[PTT] Enables PTT in SkuMgr.

[dTPM] Disables PTT in SkuMgr. **Warning! PTT/ dTPM will be disabled and all data saved on it will be lost.**

► **ME Debug Configuration**

This menu allows you to configure debug-related options for the Intel® Management Engine (ME). This menu will display when **ME State** is enabled.

Security		
HECI Timeouts	[Enabled]	Enable/Disable HECI Send/Receive Timeouts.
Force ME DID Init Status	[Disabled]	
CPU Replaced Polling Disable	[Disabled]	
HECI Message check Disable	[Disabled]	
MBP HOB Skip	[Disabled]	
HECI2 Interface Communication	[Disabled]	
KT Device	[Enabled]	
End Of Post Message	[Send in DXE]	
DOI3 Setting for HECI Disable	[Disabled]	
MCTP Broadcast Cycle	[Disabled]	

» **HECI Timeouts**

This setting enables/ disables the HECI (Host Embedded Controller Interface) send/ receive timeouts.

» **Force ME DID Init Status**

Forces the ME Device ID (DID) initialization status value.

- » **CPU Replaced Polling Disable**  
Setting this option disables the CPU replacement polling loop.
- » **HECI Message Check Disable**  
This setting disables message check for BIOS boot path when sending messages.
- » **MBP HOB Skip**  
Setting this option will skip ME's Memory-Based Protection (MBP) HOB region.
- » **HECI2 Interface Communication**  
This setting Adds/ Removes HECI2 device from PCI space.
- » **KT Device**  
Enables or disables Key Transfer (KT) Device.
- » **End of Post Message**  
Enables or disables End of Post Message sent to ME.
- » **DOI3 Setting for HECI Disable**  
Setting this option disables setting DOI3 bit for all HECI devices.
- » **MCTP Broadcast Cycle**  
Enables or disables Management Component Transport Protocol (MCTP) Broadcast Cycle.

► **Anti-Rollback SVN Configuration**

Security		
Minimal Allowed Anti-Rollback SVN	0	When enabled, hardware-enforced anti-rollback mechanism is automatically activated: once ME FW was successfully run on a platform, FW with lower ARB-SVN will be blocked from execution
Executing Anti-Rollback SVN	1	
Automatic HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback SVN	[Disabled]	
Set HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback for Current SVN	[Disabled]	

- » **Automatic HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback SVN**  
Setting this item enables will automatically activate the hardware-enforced anti-rollback protection based on the Secure Version Number (SVN). Once enabled, the hardware will enforce that only firmware updates with an SVN equal to or higher than the current SVN can be installed.
- » **Set HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback for Current SVN**  
Enable HW ERB mechanism for current ARB SVN value. FW with lower ARB-SVN will be blocked from execution. The value will be restored to disable after the command is sent. This item will display when **Automatic HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback SVN** is enabled.

## ► Trusted Computing

Security		
TPM 2.0 Device Found		Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.
Firmware Version:	15.22	
Vendor:	IFX	
Security Device Support	[Enable]	
Active PCR banks	SHA256	
Available PCR banks	SHA256,SHA384	
SHA256 PCR Bank	[Enabled]	
SHA384 PCR Bank	[Disabled]	
Pending operation	[None]	
Platform Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Storage Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Endorsement Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Physical Presence Spec Version	[1.3]	
TPM 2.0 InterfaceType	[TIS]	
PH Randomization	[Enabled]	
Device Select	[TPM 2.0]	
		+*: Select Screen ↑: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards

### ► Security Device Support

This item enables or disables BIOS support for security device. When set to [Disable], the OS will not show security device.

### ► SHA256/ SHA384 PCR Bank

These settings enables or disables the SHA256 PCR Bank and SHA384 PCR Bank.

### ► Pending Operation

When **Security Device Support** is set to [Enable], **Pending Operation** will appear. It is advised that users should routinely back up their TPM secured data.

[TPM Clear] Clear all data secured by TPM.

[None] Discard the selection.

### ► Platform Hierarchy, Storage Hierarchy, Endorsement Hierarchy

These settings enables or disables the Platform Hierarchy, Storage Hierarchy and Endorsement Hierarchy.

### ► Physical Presence Spec Version

This settings show the Physical Presence Spec Version.

### ► TPM 2.0 Interface Type

This setting shows the TPM 2.0 Interface Type.

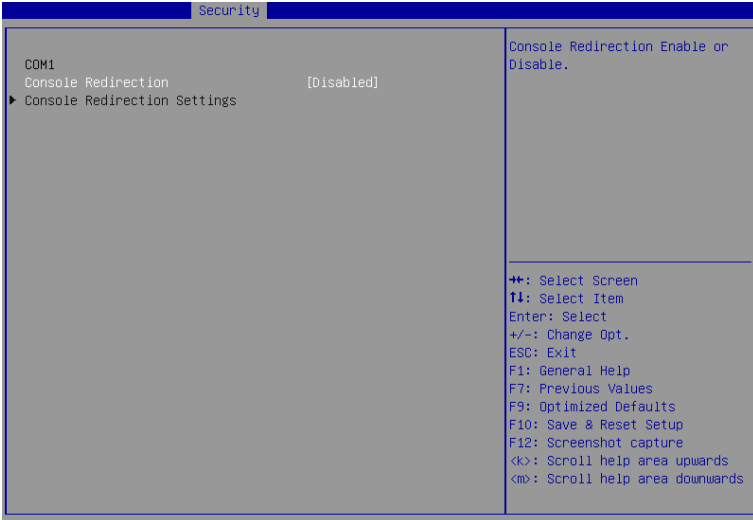
### ► PH Randomization

Enables or disables Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization.

### ► Device Select

Select your TPM device through this setting.

## ► Serial Port Console Redirection



### ► Console Redirection

Console Redirection operates in host systems that do not have a monitor and keyboard attached. This setting enables or disables the operation of console redirection. When set to [Enabled], BIOS redirects and sends all contents that should be displayed on the screen to the serial COM port for display on the terminal screen. Besides, all data received from the serial port is interpreted as keystrokes from a local keyboard.



## ► Console Redirection Settings (COM1)

Security	
COM1 Console Redirection Settings	
Terminal Type	[ANSI]
Bits per second	[115200]
Data Bits	[8]
Parity	[None]
Stop Bits	[1]
Flow Control	[None]
VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support	[Enabled]
Recorder Mode	[Disabled]
Resolution 100x31	[Disabled]
Putty KeyPad	[VT100]
Emulation: ANSI: Extended ASCII char set. VT100: ASCII char set. VT100Plus: Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc. VT-UTF8: Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes.	

### » Terminal Type

To operate the system's console redirection, you need a terminal supporting ANSI terminal protocol and a RS-232 null modem cable connected between the host system and terminal(s). You can select emulation for the terminal from this setting.

[ANSI]            Extended ASCII character set.

[VT100]           ASCII character set.

[VT100Plus]      Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc.

[VT-UTF8]        Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters onto one or more bytes.

### » Bits per second, Data Bits, Parity, Stop Bits

These setting specifies the transfer rate (bits per second, data bits, parity, stop bits) of Console Redirection.

### » Flow Control

Flow control is the process of managing the rate of data transmission between two nodes. It's the process of adjusting the flow of data from one device to another to ensure that the receiving device can handle all of the incoming data. This is particularly important where the sending device is capable of sending data much faster than the receiving device can receive it.

### » VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

This setting enables or disables the VT-UTF8 combination key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

### » Recorder Mode, Resolution 100x31

These settings enables or disables the recorder mode and the resolution 100x31.

### » Putty KeyPad

PuTTY is a terminal emulator for Windows. This setting controls the numeric keypad for use in PuTTY.

## ► Secure Boot



### ► Secure Boot

Secure Boot function can be enabled only when the **Platform Key (PK)** is enrolled and running accordingly.

### ► Secure Boot Mode

Selects the secure boot mode. This item appears when **Secure Boot** is enabled.

[Standard] The system will automatically load the secure keys from BIOS.

[Custom] Allows user to configure the secure boot settings and manually load the secure keys.

### ► Restore Factory Keys

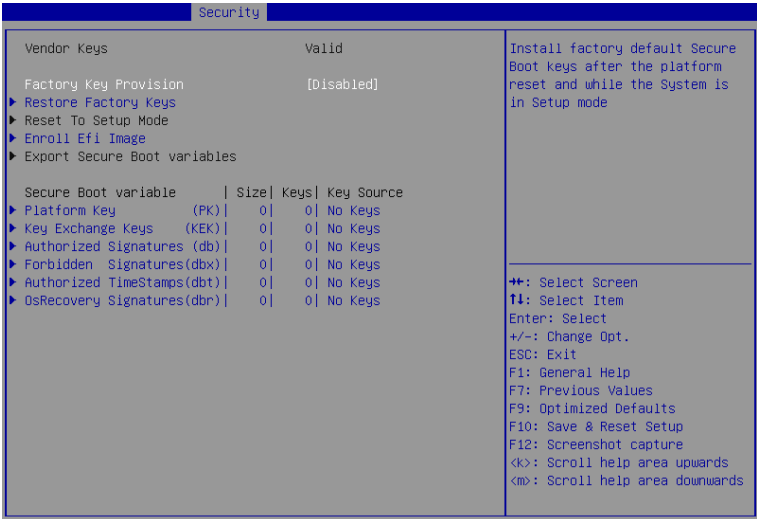
Allows you to restore all factory default keys. The settings will be applied after reboot or at the next reboot. This item appears when "**Secure Boot Mode**" sets to **[Custom]**.

### ► Reset to setup Mode

Allows you to delete all the Secure Boot keys (PK,KEK,db,dbt,dbx). The settings will be applied after reboot or at the next reboot. This item appears when "**Secure Boot Mode**" sets to **[Custom]**.

► **Key Management**

Press **Enter** key to enter the sub-menu. Manage the secure boot keys. This item appears when “**Secure Boot Mode**” sets to **[Custom]**.



» **Platform Key (PK):**

The Platform Key (PK) can protect the firmware from any un-authenticated changes. The system will verify the PK before your system enters the OS. Platform Key (PK) is used for updating KEK.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new PK to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the PK from your system.

» **Key Exchange Keys (KEK):**

Key Exchange Key (KEK) is used for updating DB or DBX.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new KEK to your system.

» **Append Key**

Loads an additional KEK from storage devices to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the KEK from your system.

» **Authorized Signatures (db) :**

Authorized Signatures (db) lists the signatures that can be loaded.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new db to your system.

» **Append Key**

Loads an additional db from storage devices to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the db from your system.

» **Forbidden Signatures (dbx):**

Forbidden Signatures (dbx) lists the forbidden signatures that are not trusted and cannot be loaded.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new dbx to your system.

» **Append Key**

Loads an additional dbx from storage devices to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the dbx from your system.

» **Authorized TimeStamps (dbt):**

Authorized TimeStamps (dbt) lists the authentication signatures with authorization time stamps.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new DBT to your system.

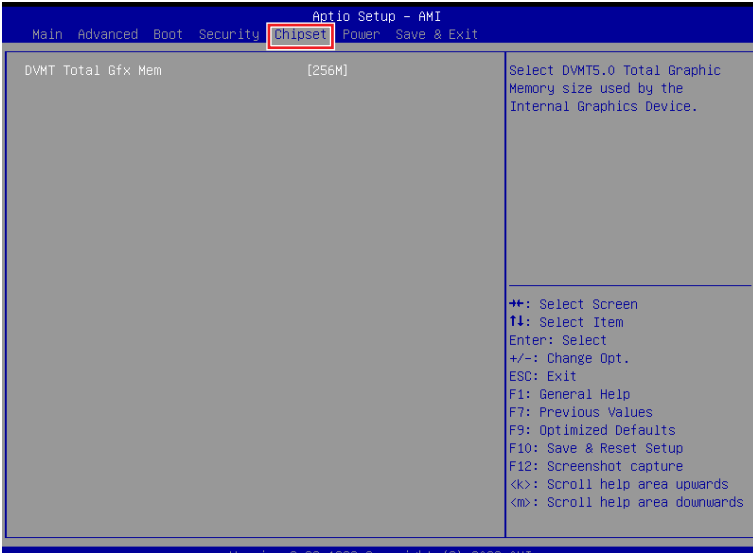
» **Append Key**

Loads an additional DBT from storage devices to your system.

» **OsRecovery Singnatures (dbr):**

Lists the available signatures for OS recovery.

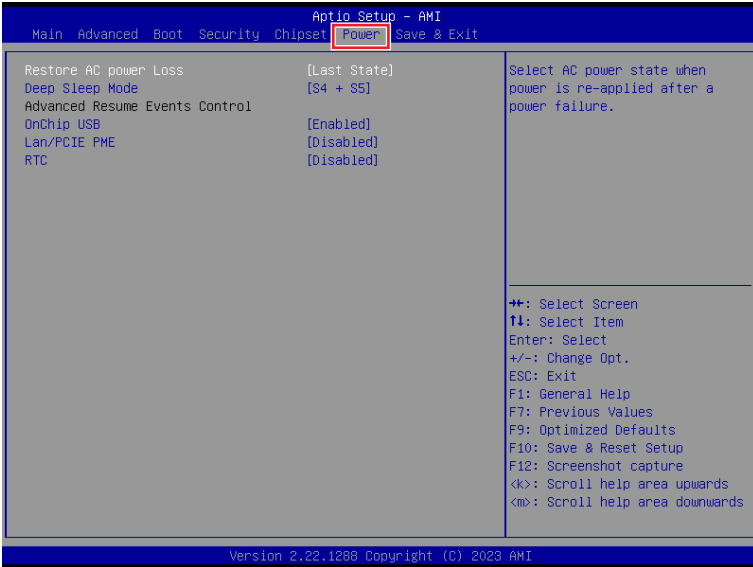
# Chipset



## ► DVMT Total Gfx Mem

This setting specifies the total graphics memory size for Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT).

# Power



## ► Restore AC Power Loss

This setting specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Available settings are:

- [Power Off] Leaves the computer in the power off state.
- [Power On] Leaves the computer in the power on state.
- [Last State] Restores the system to the previous status before power failure or interrupt occurred.

## ► Deep Sleep Mode

The setting enables or disables the Deep S5 power saving mode. S5 is almost the same as G3 Mechanical Off, except that the PSU still supplies power, at a minimum, to the power button to allow return to S0. A full reboot is required. No previous content is retained. Other components may remain powered so the computer can "wake" on input from the keyboard, clock, modem, LAN, or USB device.

## ► OnChip USB

The item allows the activity of the OnChip USB device to wake up the system from S4/ S5 sleep state.

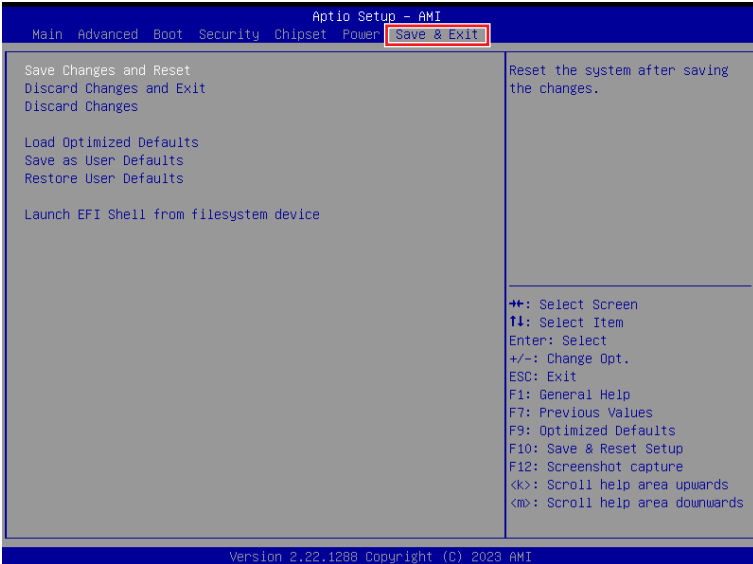
▶ **LAN/ PCIE PME**

Enables or disables the system to be awakened from the power saving modes when activity or input signal of Intel LAN device and onboard PCIE PME is detected.

▶ **RTC**

When [Enabled], you can set the date and time at which the RTC (real-time clock) alarm awakens the system from suspend mode.

# Save & Exit



## ▶ Save Changes and Reset

Save changes to CMOS and reset the system.

## ▶ Discard Changes and Exit

Abandon all changes and exit the Setup Utility.

## ▶ Discard Changes

Abandon all changes.

## ▶ Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the motherboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the motherboard.

## ▶ Save as User Defaults

Save changes as the user's default profile.

## ▶ Restore User Defaults

Restore the user's default profile.

## ▶ Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

This setting helps to launch the EFI Shell application from one of the available file system devices.



# GPIO WDT Programming

This chapter provides GPIO (General Purpose Input/ Output), WDT (Watch Dog Timer), programming guide.

## Abstract

In this section, code examples based on C programming language provided for customer interest. **Inportb**, **Outportb**, **Inportl** and **Outportl** are basic functions used for access IO ports and defined as following.

**Inportb:** Read a single 8-bit I/O port.

**Outportb:** Write a single byte to an 8-bit port.

**Inportl:** Reads a single 32-bit I/O port.

**Outportl:** Write a single long to a 32-bit port.

# General Purpose IO

## 1. General Purposed IO – GPIO/DIO

The GPIO port configuration addresses are listed in the following table:

Name	IO Port	IO address	Name	IO Port	IO address
N_GPI0	0xA10	Bit 0	N_GPO0	0xA10	Bit 4
N_GPI1	0xA10	Bit 1	N_GPO1	0xA10	Bit 5
N_GPI2	0xA10	Bit 2	N_GPO2	0xA10	Bit 6
N_GPI3	0xA10	Bit 3	N_GPO3	0xA10	Bit 7

### 1.1 Set output value of GPO

1. Read the value from GPO port.
2. Set the value of GPO address.
3. Write the value back to GPO port.

**Example:** Set **N\_GPO0** output “high”

```
val = Inportb (0xA10);           // Read value from N_GPO0 port.
val = val | (1<<4);              // Set N_GPO0 address (bit 4) to 1 (output “high”).
Outportb (0xA10, val);          // Write back to N_GPO0 port.
```

**Example:** Set **N\_GPO1** output “low”

```
val = Inportb (0xA10);           // Read value from N_GPO1 port.
val = val & (~(1<<5));           // Set N_GPO1 address (bit 5) to 0 (output “low”).
Outportb (0xA10, val);          // Write back to N_GPO1 port.
```

### 1.2 Read input value from GPI

1. Read the value from GPI port.
2. Get the value of GPI address.

**Example:** Get **N\_GPI2** input value.

```
val = Inportb (0xA10);           // Read value from N_GPI2 port.
val = val & (1<<2);              // Read N_GPI2 address (bit 2).
if (val) printf (“Input of N_GPI2 is High”);
else printf (“Input of N_GPI2 is Low”);
```

# Watchdog Timer

## 2. Watchdog Timer – WDT

The base address (WDT\_BASE) of WDT configuration registers is [0xA10](#).

### 2.1 Set WDT Time Unit

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x08; // minute mode. val = val & 0xF7 if second mode
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting
```

### 2.2 Set WDT Time

```
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x06, Time); // Write WDT time, value 1 to 255.
```

### 2.3 Enable WDT

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x0A); // Read current WDT_PME setting
val = val | 0x01; // Enable WDT OUT: WDOUT_EN (bit 0) set to 1.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x0A, val); // Write back WDT setting.
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x20; // Enable WDT by set WD_EN (bit 5) to 1.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting.
```

### 2.4 Disable WDT

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val & 0xDF; // Disable WDT by set WD_EN (bit 5) to 0.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting.
```

## 2.5 Check WDT Reset Flag

If the system has been reset by WDT function, this flag will set to 1.

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05);    // Read current WDT setting.
val = val & 0x40;                  // Check WDTMOUT_STS (bit 6).
if (val) printf ("timeout event occurred");
else    printf ("timeout event not occurred");
```

## 2.6 Clear WDT Reset Flag

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05);    // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x40;                   // Set 1 to WDTMOUT_STS (bit 6);
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val);    // Write back WDT setting
```